

Name _____

SENTENCES/FRAGMENTS

Date _____

Sentences: A sentence expresses a **complete thought**.
This can also be called an **independent clause**.
A sentence begins with a **capital letter** and ends with a
punctuation mark.

Fragments: A fragment does **not** express a complete thought.

~ Sometimes, a subject is missing. **Example:** My likes to snowboard.

~ Sometimes, a verb is missing. **Example:** Jan, Sara, and Chan to snowboard.

~ Some fragments have neither subject nor verb.

Example: In a hurry on the way to the bus after school.

Do not confuse an imperative sentence with a fragment.

Example: Go. This has the subject, (You) – you understood. (You) Go.



Directions: Read each fragment. Using the fragment, write a sentence.

1. Your is torn. _____

2. Next time. _____

3. A purred at our feet. _____

4. Old oak tree down. _____

5. Grass in their yard. _____

6. A photo album in the drawer. _____

7. Grease all over. _____

8. The vineyard on the hill. _____