

CAPITALIZATION:

Numbered items after a list and a colon are capitalized if they form complete sentences or are written vertically. Items numbered and listed horizontally after a heading and a colon are not capitalized.

Ex.— Your request will be honored by the following:

- (1) **B**allroom reserved for April 12
- (2) **D**ecorator contacted by January 15
- (3) **C**atering agreement signed by January 30

1. snacks:

- (1) sunflower seeds
- (2) walnuts
- (3) raspberries
- (4) dried fruit

PUNCTUATION:

Remember: Use a hyphen (-) to combine closely related words.

Ex.— a come-as-you-are party

2. Wow Were excited about these larger than life pictures exclaimed Ian

PARTS OF SPEECH: VERBS

Underline the subject once; circle the verb that agrees with the subject.

- 3. a. Many (have, has) not fished in the ocean.
- b. One of the mechanics (are, is) his brother-in-law.

PARTS OF SPEECH: VERBS

Regular verbs add ed to the past tense and the past participle form; irregular verbs do not.

Write the past and past participle of each verb; circle any regular verbs.

- | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|
| 4. a. to break | _____ | _____ | f. to assume | _____ | _____ |
| b. to ride | _____ | _____ | g. to burst | _____ | _____ |
| c. to go | _____ | _____ | h. to begin | _____ | _____ |
| d. to feed | _____ | _____ | i. to seem | _____ | _____ |
| e. to bite | _____ | _____ | j. to sweep | _____ | _____ |

SENTENCE COMBINING:

5. Amphibian eggs are protected only by a thin membrane.
 Fish eggs are protected only by a thin membrane.
 Predators easily eat them.
